

(An Internal Service Fund of the State of Alaska)

Financial Statements

June 30, 2015 and 2014

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

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KPMG LLP Suite 600 701 West Eighth Avenue Anchorage, AK 99501

Independent Auditors' Report

The Division of Retirement and Benefits and Members of the Alaska Retirement Management Board State of Alaska Group Health and Life Fund:

We have audited the accompanying statements of fiduciary net position of the State of Alaska Group Health and Life Fund (the Plan), an internal service fund of the State of Alaska, as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, and the related statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in fiduciary net position and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to our financial statements, which collectively comprise the Plan's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the fiduciary net position of the State of Alaska Group Health and Life Fund as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, and its changes in fiduciary net position and cash flows for the years then ended, in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.



Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, on pages 3–7, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

KPMG LIP

December 4, 2015

An internal Service Fund of the State of Alaska

Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2015 and 2014

This section presents management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) of the Group Health and Life Fund's (the Plan) financial condition and performance for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014. This section is presented as a narrative overview and analysis. Please read the MD&A in conjunction with the financial statements and notes to financial statements to better understand the financial condition and performance of the Plan during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014. Information for fiscal year 2013 is presented for comparative purposes.

Financial Highlights

The Plan's financial highlights as of June 30, 2015 were as follows:

- The Plan's net position decreased by \$1.9 million during fiscal year 2015.
- The Plan's health insurance premiums decreased by \$1.4 million during fiscal year 2015.
- The Plan's investment earnings during fiscal year 2015 were \$170,130.
- The Plan's benefit expense during fiscal year 2015 totaled \$121.4 million, a decrease of \$8.5 million from fiscal year 2014.
- The Plan's administrative expense during fiscal year 2015 totaled \$5.5 million, an increase of \$1.5 million from fiscal year 2014.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Plan's basic financial statements. The Plan's financial statements comprise four components: (1) statement of fiduciary net position; (2) statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position; (3) statement of cash flows; and (4) notes to financial statements.

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – This statement presents information regarding the Plan's assets, liabilities, and resulting net position. This statement reflects the Plan's cash and short-term investments, receivables, and other assets less liabilities at June 30, 2015 and 2014.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – This statement presents how the Plan's net position changed during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, as a result of health insurance premiums, investment income, and operating expenses.

Statement of Cash Flows – This statement presents cash flows from operations and investing activities. The Plan presents its cash flows statement using the direct method for reporting cash received and disbursed during the fiscal year.

The above statements represent resources available for investment and payment of benefits as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, and the sources and uses of those funds during fiscal years 2015 and 2014.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2015 and 2014

Notes to Financial Statements – The notes to financial statements are an integral part of the financial statements and provide additional detailed information and schedules that are essential to a full understanding of the Plan's financial statements.

Condensed Financial Information

Fiduciary net position						
			Position increa	ase (decrease)		
Description	2015	2014	Amount	Percentage	2013	
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 30,808,700	34,337,324	(3,528,624)	(10.3)% \$	44,854,672	
Receivables	_	_	_	—	32,475	
Due from State of Alaska General Fund	2,182,137	_	2,182,137	100.0	_	
Other receivable		263	(263)	(100.0)	741	
Other assets	931,064	1,606,871	(675,807)	(42.1)	1,014,055	
Total assets	33,921,901	35,944,458	(2,022,557)	(5.6)	45,901,943	
Liabilities:						
Claims payable	16,114,684	18,023,000	(1,908,316)	(10.6)	19,575,000	
Due to State of Alaska General Fund	2,211,537	859,331	1,352,206	157.4	1,001,788	
Accrued expenses	842,179	430,314	411,865	95.7	285,277	
Total liabilities	19,168,400	19,312,645	(144,245)	(0.7)	20,862,065	
Net position	\$ 14,753,501	16,631,813	(1,878,312)	(11.3)% \$	25,039,878	

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Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2015 and 2014

Revenues, expenses and changes in net position							
	Position increa	ase (decrease)					
Description		2015	2014	Amount	Percentage	2013	
Net position, beginning of year	\$	16,631,813	25,039,878	(8,408,065)	(33.6)% \$	30,686,107	
Operating revenues:							
Health insurance premiums		123,246,330	124,675,001	(1,428,671)	(1.1)	117,897,163	
Other revenue	_	1,617,284	593,724	1,023,560	172.4	1,176,545	
Total operating revenues	_	124,863,614	125,268,725	(405,111)	(0.3)	119,073,708	
Operating expenses:							
Healthcare benefits		121,448,036	129,947,203	(8,499,167)	(6.5)	120,525,784	
Administrative	_	5,464,020	3,982,679	1,481,341	37.2	4,348,294	
Total operating expenses	_	126,912,056	133,929,882	(7,017,826)	(5.2)	124,874,078	
Operating loss		(2,048,442)	(8,661,157)	6,612,715	(76.3)	(5,800,370)	
Nonoperating revenues:							
Net investment income	_	170,130	253,092	(82,962)	(32.8)	154,141	
Change in net position	_	(1,878,312)	(8,408,065)	6,529,753	(77.7)	(5,646,229)	
Net position, end of year	\$	14,753,501	16,631,813	(1,878,312)	(11.3)% \$	25,039,878	

Financial Analysis of the Plan

The statements of fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2015 and 2014 show total assets exceeding total liabilities by \$14,753,501 and \$16,631,813, respectively. These amounts represent the total plan net position held in trust for healthcare benefits on each of those dates. The entire amount is available to cover the Plan's obligation to pay healthcare benefits for its members and their beneficiaries.

These amounts also represent a decrease in net position of \$1,878,312 or 11.3%, and \$8,408,065 or 33.6% from fiscal years 2014 and 2013, respectively. Over the long term, healthcare insurance premiums collected and investment income earned are expected to cover all costs of the plan. The Plan continues to reduce the decreases in net position through healthcare cost containment with the new third-party administrator. While healthcare costs decreased in fiscal year 2015, it is anticipated that there will continue to be increases in future healthcare costs, and the Plan must continue to accumulate assets to meet current and future claim costs.

Insurance Premium Calculations

The overall objective of the Plan is to have sufficient funds to meet claim costs. The insurance premiums are recommended each year by the Division of Retirement and Benefits' (the Division) benefit consultant with the governing body's concurrence and the administrator's approval. Insurance premiums are based on the Plan's benefit year. The benefit consultant reviews the historical claims experience and administrative costs and uses that data to estimate trends to recommend premiums for the next benefit year.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2015 and 2014

Healthcare Insurance Premiums and Investment Income

The revenues required to fund healthcare benefits are accumulated through a combination of employer health insurance premiums, member health insurance premiums, other income, and net investment income.

	Revenues					
	_	Increase (decrease)				
	-	2015	2014	Amount	Percentage	2013
Health insurance premiums	\$	123,246,330	124,675,001	(1,428,671)	(1.1)% \$	117,897,163
Other revenue		1,617,284	593,724	1,023,560	172.4	1,176,545
Net investment income	-	170,130	253,092	(82,962)	(32.8)	154,141
Total	\$	125,033,744	125,521,817	(488,073)	(0.4)% \$	119,227,849

Healthcare insurance premiums benefit credit paid by the State of Alaska (the State) were \$1,371 per month per person in fiscal year 2015 and the second half of fiscal year 2014. Insurance premiums were \$1,330 for the first half of fiscal year 2014 and all of fiscal year 2013. Changes to health insurance premiums are the result of actual and anticipated changes in healthcare costs related to covered benefits. Premiums are based on historical and anticipated experience. During fiscal year 2015, there was a decrease of 78 members from fiscal year 2014, which resulted in the decrease in premiums collected.

Net investment income decreased by \$82,962 or 32.8% from amounts recorded in fiscal year 2014 and increased by \$98,951 or 64.2% from amounts recorded in fiscal year 2013. The Plan is invested in the General Fund and Other Nonsegregated Investments (GeFONSI). The GeFONSI is an investment pool managed by the State of Alaska Treasury Division in the Department of Revenue. For fiscal years 2015 and 2014, the GeFONSI investments generated 0.45% and 0.57% rates of return, respectively. The GeFONSI annualized rate of return was 0.44% over the last three years and 0.91% over the last five years. The invested balance decreased by \$3,528,624 and \$10,517,348 in fiscal years 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Benefits and Expenses

The primary expense of the Plan is the payment of healthcare benefits. These benefit costs and the cost of administering the Plan comprise the cost of operations.

		Expenses				
		Increase (decrease)				
	2015	2014	Amount	Percentage	2013	
Healthcare benefits	\$ 121,448,030	, ,	(8,499,167)	(6.5)% \$	120,525,784	
Administrative	5,464,020	3,982,679	1,481,341	37.2	4,348,294	
Total	\$ 126,912,050	5 133,929,882	(7,017,826)	(5.2)% \$	124,874,078	

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Management's Discussion and Analysis

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Benefit expenses decreased by \$8,499,167 or 6.5% from fiscal year 2014 and increased by \$9,421,419 or 7.8% from fiscal year 2013. Fiscal year 2015 saw a decrease in covered members and healthcare costs, and fiscal year 2014 saw an increase in covered members and healthcare costs. The Plan contracted with two new third-party administrators (TPAs) in January 2014, both of whom use networks to help reduce healthcare benefit costs. Currently, the Plan is benefiting through the use of networks provided by the TPAs.

Administrative expenses increased by \$1,481,341 or 37.2% from fiscal year 2014 and decreased by \$365,615 or 8.4% from fiscal year 2013. In fiscal year 2015, the Plan was required to pay \$924,000 as part of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA) as the Plan is a covered entity engaged in the business of providing health insurance. Additionally, TPA costs increased over fiscal year 2014 as the Plan now pays multiple TPAs, where in prior years, there was payment only to one TPA. Costs are incurred on the number of claims processed, which there was an increase, while overall healthcare benefit costs have declined.

Economic Conditions, Market Environment, and Results

Net investment rate of return remains below the five-year average ending the year at 49.5% of the five-year rate of return of 0.91%. Short-term fixed income rates of returns are expected to remain low during fiscal year 2016, even though there are expectations of an interest rate increase being discussed by the Federal Reserve.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Plan's financial condition for those with interest in the Plan's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the following:

State of Alaska Group Health and Life Fund Division of Retirement and Benefits, Finance Section P.O. Box 110203 Juneau, Alaska 99811-0203

(An Internal Service Fund of the State of Alaska)

Statements of Fiduciary Net Position

June 30, 2015 and 2014

	_	2015	2014
Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents (notes 3 and 4):			
Investment in State of Alaska General Fund and Other			
Nonsegregated Investments Pool	\$	30,808,700	34,337,324
Due from State of Alaska General Fund		2,182,137	
Other receivable			263
Other assets		931,064	1,606,871
Total assets	_	33,921,901	35,944,458
Liabilities:			
Claims payable (note 5)		16,114,684	18,023,000
Due to State of Alaska General Fund (note 5)		2,211,537	859,331
Accrued expenses		842,179	430,314
Total liabilities		19,168,400	19,312,645
Unrestricted net position	\$ _	14,753,501	16,631,813

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

(An Internal Service Fund of the State of Alaska)

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

	_	2015	2014
Operating revenues: Employer health insurance premiums Member health insurance premiums Other revenue	\$	106,977,672 16,268,658 1,617,284	109,198,073 15,476,928 593,724
Total operating revenues	_	124,863,614	125,268,725
Operating expenses: Healthcare benefits (note 5) Administrative	_	121,448,036 5,464,020	129,947,203 3,982,679
Total operating expenses	-	126,912,056	133,929,882
Operating loss		(2,048,442)	(8,661,157)
Nonoperating revenues: Net investment income	-	170,130	253,092
Change in unrestricted net position		(1,878,312)	(8,408,065)
Total unrestricted net position, beginning of year	-	16,631,813	25,039,878
Total unrestricted net position, end of year	\$	14,753,501	16,631,813

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

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Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

		2014
Cash received for premiums from others Cash received from third-party administrator	123,246,330 $1,617,547$ $122,004,146)$ $(131,846)$ $(6,426,639)$	$124,675,001 \\32,475 \\594,202 \\(131,641,660) \\(66,706) \\(4,363,752)$
Net cash used in operating activities	(3,698,754)	(10,770,440)
Cash flows from investing activity: Net investment income received Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	170,130	253,092 (10,517,348)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	34,337,324	44,854,672
	30,808,700	34,337,324
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash used for operating activities: Operating loss \$ Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities: (Increase) decrease in assets:	(2,048,442)	(8,661,157)
Premiums receivable Due from State of Alaska General Fund Other receivables Other assets Deposit with third-party administrator Increase (decrease) in liabilities:	$\begin{array}{r} &\\ (2,182,137)\\ 263\\ 675,807\\\\ (1,908,316)\\ 1,352,206\\ 411,865\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 32,475 \\ \\ 478 \\ (593,159) \\ 343 \\ (1,552,000) \\ (142,457) \\ 145,037 \end{array}$
Net cash used in operating activities \$	(3,698,754)	(10,770,440)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

(An Internal Service Fund of the State of Alaska)

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015 and 2014

(1) **Description**

The following brief description of the State of Alaska Group Health and Life Fund (the Plan), an Internal Service Fund of the State of Alaska (the State), is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the Select Benefits Information Booklet for more complete information.

General

The Plan was established on July 1, 1997, to provide self-insured healthcare benefits to eligible employees of the State. The Plan is an internal service fund of the State financial reporting entity and is included as such in the State's comprehensive annual financial report. As of June 30, 2015 and 2014, there were 6,586 and 6,664 employees, excluding dependents, covered by the Plan, respectively.

Prior to July 1, 1997, healthcare benefits for state employees were fully insured through the payment of premiums to an insurance company.

Benefits

The Plan offers medical, dental, vision, and audio benefits to eligible state employees and their dependents.

Eligibility

The Plan does not provide benefits to members of the following collective bargaining units, who chose to receive health coverage through a union trust:

- Labor, Trades, and Crafts Unit
- Public Safety Airport Security Unit
- Public Safety Troopers Unit
- Masters, Mates, and Pilots
- General Government Unit

All other permanent and long-term nonpermanent employees of the State are covered by the Plan, including permanent and long-term nonpermanent seasonal and part-time employees who elect coverage.

The Plan also provides coverage for state legislators and elected officials.

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June 30, 2015 and 2014

Flexible Benefits

Employees who are not covered through a union trust are eligible for flexible healthcare benefits. Under this program, employees are provided benefit credits by the State. Employees can use the benefit credits to purchase the benefits they want. Benefit credits equal the amount that the State contributes towards health benefits for all employees. The amount of benefit credits each employee receives is decided by the legislature and/or the appropriate collective bargaining agreement and can be adjusted each year. Each of the available options offers different benefits or pays benefits at different rates. If the cost of the benefit option selected by an employee exceeds the amount of their benefit credits, the difference is funded by the employee through pretax payroll deductions. If the cost of the benefit options selected by an employee is less than the amount of their benefit credits, the remaining benefit credits are contributed to a healthcare reimbursement account for that employee.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The Plan's financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Insurance premiums are recognized in the period in which they are due. Benefits are recognized when due and payable.

Financial Statement Presentation

The Plan distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the Plan's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Plan are employer and member contributions. Operating expenses for the Plan include benefits and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of additions and deductions during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Investments

Investments are recorded at fair value. Fair value is the amount that a plan can reasonably expect to receive for an investment in a current sale between a willing buyer and a willing seller—that is, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. Security transactions are accounted for on a trade-date (ownership) basis at the current fair value.

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The Plan participates in the State General Fund and Other Nonsegregated Investments (GeFONSI) pool. GeFONSI invests in fixed income securities that are valued each business day using an independent pricing service. Money market funds are valued at amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

GeFONSI investment income is distributed to pool participants if prescribed by statute or if appropriated by state legislature.

Statements of Cash Flows

For purposes of reporting cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include the Plan's investment in the GeFONSI, which includes appreciation (depreciation) at June 30, 2014 and 2013. This investment pool has the general characteristics of a demand deposit account.

Administration

The Plan is administered by the State's Division of Retirement and Benefits (the Division). The Division utilizes the services of claims administrators, Aetna, Moda Health, HealthSmart Benefit Solutions (HealthSmart), and PayFlex, to process all medical, dental, and prescription drug claims. Some of the managed-care vision benefits provided by the Plan are administered by Vision Service Plan (VSP).

Funding

The Plan is self-insured for all benefits. The Plan's funding policy provides for the collection of insurance premiums from employees, if applicable, and the State. Insurance premium amounts are actuarially determined on an annual basis and adjusted as necessary. The State retains the risk of loss of allowable claims.

Due from (to) State of Alaska General Fund

Amounts due from (to) the State of Alaska General Fund represent the net difference between amounts paid by the Plan on behalf of others and amounts paid by others on behalf of the Plan.

Federal Income Tax Status

The Plan is a qualified plan under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and is exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(a).

(3) Investments

The Department of Revenue, Treasury Division (Treasury) has created a pooled environment by which it manages the investments for which the Commissioner has fiduciary responsibility. Actual investing is performed by investment officers in Treasury or by contracted external investment managers. The fund invests in the State's internally managed GeFONSI pool. The GeFONSI consists of investments in the State's internally managed Short-term Fixed Income Pool, Short-term Liquidity Fixed Income Pool, and the Intermediate-term Fixed Income Pool. The complete financial activity of the funds is shown in the comprehensive annual financial report available from the Department of Administration, Division of Finance.

Notes to Financial Statements

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Assets in the pools are reported at fair value. Investment purchases and sales are recorded on a trade-date basis. Securities are valued each business day using prices obtained from a pricing service.

The accrual basis of accounting is used for investment income and GeFONSI investment income is distributed to pool participants monthly if prescribed by statute or if appropriated by the state legislature. Income in the Short-term, Short-term Liquidity, and Intermediate-term fixed income pools is allocated to pool participants daily on a pro rata basis.

Fair value Short-term Liquidity Short-term Intermediate-Fixed Fixed term Fixed **Income Pool Income Pool Income Pool Investment type** Total Deposits \$ 10,799 61 10,860 Certificate of deposit 26,832 24,169 51,001 Corporate bonds 434,039 817,892 1,251,931 Mortgage backed 366,114 330,116 696,230 Municipal bonds 13,328 13,328 Other asset backed 10,637,732 499,692 11,137,424 Repurchase agreement 1,698,020 1,698,020 U.S. government agency 6.698 6.698 Treasury bills, notes, bonds, and TIPS 3,280,783 4,530,357 8,311,291 16,122,431 Yankees: Corporate 193.102 211.881 404.983 Government 39,713 39,713 31,432,619 16,660,749 4,530,357 10,241,513 Total invested assets Pool-related net assets (liabilities) (707, 857)83,938 (623,919) Net invested assets 15,952,892 4,530,357 10,325,451 30,808,700

At June 30, 2015, the Plan's share of pool investments was as follows:

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At June 30, 2014, the Plan's share of pool investments was as follows:

	Fair value					
Investment type		Short-term Fixed Income Pool	Short-term Liquidity Fixed Income Pool	Intermediate- term Fixed Income Pool	Total	
Corporate bonds	\$	1,122,510		709,106	1,831,616	
Mortgage backed		77,134	_	326,772	403,906	
Other asset backed		5,417,278	_	354,098	5,771,376	
Overnight sweep accounts (Imcs)		1,759,121	_	—	1,759,121	
Repurchase agreement		1,099,195	_	—	1,099,195	
U.S. government agency		—		15,803	15,803	
Treasury bills		9,482,453	4,718,697	687,905	14,889,055	
Treasury notes		2,133,154	158,000	9,332,214	11,623,368	
Treasury strip		—		25,256	25,256	
Yankees:						
Corporate		254,587		163,320	417,907	
Government	-			53,822	53,822	
Total invested assets		21,345,432	4,876,697	11,668,296	37,890,425	
Pool-related net assets (liabilities)	-	(4,490,132)	1,964	935,067	(3,553,101)	
Net invested assets	\$	16,855,300	4,878,661	12,603,363	34,337,324	

(4) **Deposit and Investment Risk**

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

Short-term Fixed Income Pool

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates, Treasury's investment policy limits individual fixed-rate securities to 14 months to maturity or 14 months expected average life upon purchase. Floating rate securities are limited to three years to maturity or three years expected average life upon purchase. These constraints apply to trade date, except for securities bought at new issue, for which settlement date applies. At June 30, 2015, the expected average life of individual fixed-rate securities ranged from 10 days to 3.3 years and the expected average life of floating rate securities ranged from 10 days to 14.5 years.

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June 30, 2015 and 2014

Short-term Liquidity Fixed Income Pool

Treasury's investment policy limits individual fixed-rate securities to six months to maturity. These constraints apply to trade date, except for securities bought at new issue, for which settlement date applies. At June 30, 2015, the expected average life of fixed-rate securities ranged from 65 to 170 days.

Intermediate-term Fixed Income Pool

Duration is a measure of interest rate risk. It measures a security's sensitivity to a 100-basis point change in interest rates. The duration of a pool is the average fair value weighted duration of each security in the pool taking into account all related cash flows.

Treasury uses industry-standard analytical software developed by The Yield Book, Inc. to calculate effective duration. The software takes into account various possible future interest rates, historical and estimated prepayment rates, call options, and other variable cash flows for purposes of the effective duration calculation.

Through its investment policy, Treasury manages its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates by limiting effective duration of its other fixed income pool portfolios to the following:

Intermediate-term Fixed Income Pool $-\pm 20\%$ of the Barclays 1–3 Year Government Bond Index. The effective duration for Barclays 1–3 Year Government Bond Index at June 30, 2015 was 1.80 years.

At June 30, 2015, the effective duration by investment type was as follows (in years):

	Intermediate- term Fixed Income Pool
Certificate of deposit	0.14
Corporate	1.63
Mortgage-backed	1.03
Other asset-backed	0.61
U.S. government agency	3.96
U.S. Treasury bill, notes, bonds, and TIPS	1.96
U.S. Treasury notes	2.14
U.S. Treasury strip	3.27
Yankees:	
Corporate	0.94
Government	1.08
Portfolio effective duration	1.81

Notes to Financial Statements

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Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

Treasury's investment policy has the following limitations with regard to credit risk:

Short-term Fixed Income Pool investments are limited to instruments with a long-term credit rating of at least A3 or equivalent and instruments with a short-term credit rating of at least P-1 or equivalent. Commercial paper must be rated at least P-1 by Moody's and A-1 by Standard and Poor's. Asset-backed and nonagency mortgage securities must be rated A3 or equivalent. The A3 rating is defined as the median rating of the following three rating agencies: Standard & Poor's Corporation, Moody's, and Fitch. Assetbacked and nonagency mortgage securities may be purchased if only rated by one of these agencies if they are rated AAA.

Short-term Liquidity Pool investments are limited to U.S. Treasury obligations or other U.S. government securities issued in full faith or guaranteed by agencies and instrumentalities of the U.S. government, obligations of foreign governments, sovereign states, supranational entities, and their instrumentalities denominated in U.S. dollars, and the State's internally managed Short-term Fixed Income Pool.

Intermediate-term Fixed Income Pool investments are limited to securities with a long-term credit rating of at least Baa3 or equivalent and securities with a short-term credit rating of at least P-1 or equivalent. Assetbacked and nonagency mortgage securities must be rated investment grade. The investment grade rating is defined as the median rating of the following three rating agencies: Standard & Poor's Corporation, Moody's, and Fitch. Asset-backed and nonagency mortgage securities mortgage securities may be purchased if only rated by one of these agencies if they are rated AAA.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015 and 2014

At June 30, 2015, the State's internally managed pools consisted of investments with credit quality ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations as follows (using Standard and Poor's Corporation rating scale):

Investment type	Rating	Short-term Fixed Income Pool	Short-term Liquidity Fixed Income Pool	Intermediate- term Fixed Income Pool
Certificate of deposit	Not rated	0.17%	%	0.23%
Corporate bonds	AAA			0.15
Corporate bonds	AA	1.42	_	1.26
Corporate bonds	A	1.30	_	4.67
Corporate bonds	BBB		_	1.54
Corporate bonds	Not rated	_	_	0.01
Deposits	Not rated	0.07	_	
Mortgage backed	AAA	1.18	_	0.81
Mortgage backed	AA	0.88	_	0.70
Mortgage backed	A	0.19	_	0.54
Mortgage backed	BB		_	0.01
Mortgage backed	Not rated	0.05	_	1.02
Municipal bonds	AA	0.08	_	
Other asset backed	AAA	47.26	_	3.06
Other asset backed	AA	1.27	_	
Other asset backed	A-1	1.54	_	_
Other asset backed	Not rated	16.63	_	1.60
Other pool ownership	Not rated		0.01	3.63
Repurchase agreement	AAA	7.85		
Repurchase agreement	Not rated	2.80	_	_
U.S. government agency	AA		_	0.06
U.S. Treasury bills, notes,				0.00
bonds, and TIPS	AA	20.57	99,99	77.57
Yankees:		20107	,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Corporate	AAA	_	_	0.03
Corporate	AA	0.62	_	0.86
Corporate	А	0.59	_	0.87
Corporate	BBB	_	_	0.22
Government	AA	_	_	0.10
Government	А	_	_	0.13
Government	BBB	_	_	0.08
Government	Not rated	_	_	0.07
No credit risk	No exposure	(4.47)		0.78
		100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2015 and 2014

Concentration of Credit Risk

Treasury's policy with regard to concentration of credit risk is to prohibit the purchase of more than 5% of a pool's holdings in corporate bonds of any one company or affiliated group.

At June 30, 2015, the Plan did not have more than 5% of investments in any one company or affiliated group.

(5) Claims Payable

The liability for claims incurred but not reported represents the estimated amounts necessary to settle all outstanding claims, IBNR, as of the balance sheet date. The Plan's reserve estimates are based primarily on historical development patterns adjusted for current trends that would modify past experience. Claims are reevaluated periodically to consider the effects of inflation, claims settlement trends, and other economic factors. The process of establishing loss reserves is subject to uncertainties that are normal, recurring, and inherent in the healthcare business.

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the years ended June 30 were as follows:

	_	2015	2014
Beginning of year:			
Due to State of Alaska General Fund for outstanding warrants Incurred but not reported	\$	859,331 18,023,000	1,001,788 19,575,000
Total, beginning of year		18,882,331	20,576,788
Benefit deduction Benefits paid	_	121,448,036 (122,004,146)	129,947,203 (131,641,660)
Total, end of year	\$	18,326,221	18,882,331
End of year: Due to State of Alaska General Fund for outstanding warrants Incurred but not reported	\$	2,211,537 16,114,684	859,331 18,023,000
Total, end of year	\$ _	18,326,221	18,882,331